Student's Name: Date of Birth: Diabetes 🗆 Type 1 : 🗋 Type 2 Date of Diagnosis :		
School Name: Grade Homeroom Plan Effective Date(s):		
CONTACT INFORMATION		
Parent/Guardian #1: Cell/Pager Phone Numbers Home Work Cell/Pager		
Parent/Guardian #2: Phone Numbers Home Work Cell/Pager		
Diabetes Healthcare Provider Phone Number		
Other Emergency Contact Relationship Phone Numbers home Work/Cell/Pager EMERGENCY NOTIFICATION: Notify parents of the following conditions (If unable to reach parents, call Diabetes Healthcare Provider listed above)		
 a. Loss of consciousness or seizure (convulsion) immediately after Glucagon given and 911 called. b. Blood sugars in excess of mg/dl c. Positive urine ketones. d. Abdominal pain, nausea/vomiting, diarrhea, fever, altered breathing, or altered level of connsciousness. 		
MEALS/SNACKS: Student can: D Determine correct portions and number of carbohydrate serving D Calculate carbohydrate grams accurately		
Time/Location Food Content and Amount Time/Location Food Content and Amount		
🗆 Breakfast Mid-afternoon		
Midmorning Before PE/Activity		
Lunch After PE/Activity		
If outside food for party or food sampling provided to class		
BLOOD GLUCOSE MONITORING AT SCHOOL: Yes No Type of Meter:		
If yes, can student ordinarily perform own blood glucose checks? Yes No Interpret results Yes No Needs supervision? Yes No Time to be performed: Before breakfast Before PE/Activity Time Before breakfast After PE/Activity Time Before breakfast Midmorning: before snack Mid-afternoon Mid-afternoon Dismissal As needed for signs/symptoms of low/high blood glucose Place to be performed: Classroom Clinic/Health Room Other		
INSULIN INJECTIONS DURING SCHOOL:		
If yes, can student: Determine correct dose? Yes No Draw up correct dose? Yes No		
Give own injection? Yes No Needs supervision? Yes No		
Insulin Delivery: Syringe/Vial Pen Pump (If pump worn, use "Supplemental Information Sheet for Student Wearing an Insulin Pump")		
Standard daily insulin at school: \Box Yes \Box No		
Type Dose: Time to be given:		
Type Dose. Thine to be given.		
Calculate insulin dose for carbohydrate intake: Yes No Correction dose of insulin for high blood sugar: Yes No		
If yes, use: Degular D Humales, D Noveles, D		
If yes, use: Regular Humalog Novolog If yes: Regular Humalog Novolog Time to be given		
# unit(s) pergrams Carbohydrate Use Formula: (BG) / = Units of insulin		
# unit(s) pergrams Carbohydrate Use Formula: (BG) / = Units of insulin		
# unit(s) pergrams Carbohydrate Use Formula: (BG) / = Units of insulin □Add carbohydrate dose to correction dose If student uses a sliding scale please attach to DMMP.		
# unit(s) pergrams Carbohydrate Use Formula: (BG) / = Units of insulin □Add carbohydrate dose to correction dose If student uses a sliding scale please attach to DMMP. OTHER ROUTINE DIABETES MEDICATIONS AT SCHOOL: Yes No		
# unit(s) pergrams Carbohydrate Use Formula: (BG) / = Units of insulin □Add carbohydrate dose to correction dose If student uses a sliding scale please attach to DMMP. OTHER ROUTINE DIABETES MEDICATIONS AT SCHOOL: Yes No Name of Medication Dose Time Route Possible Side Effects		
# unit(s) pergrams Carbohydrate Use Formula: (BG) / = Units of insulin □Add carbohydrate dose to correction dose If student uses a sliding scale please attach to DMMP. OTHER ROUTINE DIABETES MEDICATIONS AT SCHOOL: Yes No Name of Medication Dose Time Possible Side Effects		
# unit(s) pergrams Carbohydrate Use Formula: (BG) / = Units of insulin □Add carbohydrate dose to correction dose If student uses a sliding scale please attach to DMMP. OTHER ROUTINE DIABETES MEDICATIONS AT SCHOOL: Yes No Name of Medication Dose Time Possible Side Effects		
# unit(s) pergrams Carbohydrate Use Formula: (BG) / = Units of insulin □Add carbohydrate dose to correction dose If student uses a sliding scale please attach to DMMP. OTHER ROUTINE DIABETES MEDICATIONS AT SCHOOL: Yes No Name of Medication Dose Time Possible Side Effects		
# unit(s) pergrams Carbohydrate Use Formula: (BG) / = Units of insulin □Add carbohydrate dose to correction dose If student uses a sliding scale please attach to DMMP. OTHER ROUTINE DIABETES MEDICATIONS AT SCHOOL: Yes No Name of Medication Dose Time Route Possible Side Effects		
# unit(s) pergrams Carbohydrate Use Formula: (BG) / = Units of insulin Add carbohydrate dose to correction dose If student uses a sliding scale please attach to DMMP. OTHER ROUTINE DIABETES MEDICATIONS AT SCHOOL: Yes No Name of Medication Dose Time Possible Side Effects		
# unit(s) pergrams Carbohydrate Use Formula: (BG) / = Units of insulin Add carbohydrate dose to correction dose If student uses a sliding scale please attach to DMMP. OTHER ROUTINE DIABETES MEDICATIONS AT SCHOOL: Yes No Name of Medication Dose Time Possible Side Effects		
# unit(s) pergrams Carbohydrate Use Formula: (BG) / = Units of insulin Add carbohydrate dose to correction dose If student uses a sliding scale please attach to DMMP. OTHER ROUTINE DIABETES MEDICATIONS AT SCHOOL: Yes No Name of Medication Dose Time Route Possible Side Effects		
# unit(s) pergrams Carbohydrate Use Formula: (BG) / = Units of insulin Add carbohydrate dose to correction dose If student uses a sliding scale please attach to DMMP. OTHER ROUTINE DIABETES MEDICATIONS AT SCHOOL: Yes No Name of Medication Dose Time Possible Side Effects		

MANAGEMENT OF HIGH BLOOD GLUCOSE (overmg/dl)		
	dicate treatment choices:	
□ Increased thirst, urination, appetite □		
Tiredness/sleepiness Blurred vision	5	
□ Warm, dry, or flushed skin □		
□ Other		
] Other	
MANAGEMENT OF VERY HIGH BLOOD GLUCOSE (over mg/dl)		
Usual signs/symptoms for this student Indicate treatment choices:		
Usual signs/symptoms for this student		
 Nausea/vomiting Abdominal pain 	 Carbohydrate-free fluids if tolerated Check urine for ketones 	
 Rapid, shallow breathing 	 Notify parents per "Emergency Notification" section 	
□ Extreme thirst	If unable to reach parents, call diabetes care provider	
Weakness/muscle aches	Frequent bathroom privileges	
Fruity breath odor	Stay with student and document changes in status	
Other	 Delay exercise. Other 	
MANAGEMENT OF LOW BLOOD GLUCOSE (below . m		
Usual signs/symptoms for this child	Indicate treatment choices:	
	If student is awake and able to swallow,	
Change in personality/behavior Paleness	Givegrams fast-acting carbohydrate such as:	
□ Faleness □ Weakness/shakiness	4oz. Fruit juice or non-diet soda or	
□ Tiredness/sleepiness	 3-4 glucose tablets or Concentrated gel or tube frosting or 	
Dizziness/staggering	 Concentrated get of tube hosting of 8 oz. Milk or 	
□ Headache	□ Other	
Rapid heartbeat		
Nausea/loss of appetite	Retest BG 10-15minut.es after treatment	
Clamminess/sweating Blurred vision	Repeat treatment until blood glucose over 80mg/dl	
□ Inattention/confusion	Follow treatment with snack of	
□ Slurred speech		
Loss of consciousness	if more than 1 hour till next meal/snack or if going to activity	
	□ Other	
Other		
IMPORTANT!!		
If student is unconscious or having a seizure, presume the student	s having a low blood glucose and:	
Call 911 immediately and notify parents.		
□ Glucagon 1/2 mg or 1 mg (circle desired dose) should	a given by trained percented	
	aged from outside while awaiting or during administration of Glucagon by staff	
member at scene.		
□ Glucagon/Glucose gel could be used if student has documente	d low blood sugar and is vomiting or unable to swallow.	
Student should be turned on his/her side and maintained in this "re	covery" position till fully awake".	
SIGNATURES		
I/we understand that all treatments and procedures may be perform	ed by the student and/or trained unlicensed assistive personnel within the school or by	
EMS in the event of loss of consciousness or seizure. I also understand	I that the school is not responsible for damage, loss of equipment, or expenses utilized	
in these treatments and procedures. I have reviewed this information	sheet and agree with the indicated instructions. This form will assist the school health	
personnel in developing a nursing care plan.		
Parent's Signature:	Date	
	but	
Physician's Signature	Date	
School Nurse's Signature: Date		
This document follows the guiding principles outlined by the American Diabetes Association		
Revised December 5, 2003		

Diabetes Medical Management Plan Florida Governors Diabetes Advisory Council